# Corporate governance report

Corporate governance in NIBE Industrier AB (publ) (NIBE) occurs via the Annual General Meeting, the Board of Directors and the Managing Director/CEO in accordance with the Swedish Companies Act (Swedish Code of Statutes 2005:551), the company's Articles of Association, the Swedish Annual Accounts Act (1995:1554), Nasdaq Stockholm's listing agreement, and the Swedish Code of Corporate Governance (the Code).

It is good practice for Swedish companies whose shares are traded on regulated markets to comply with the Code. NIBE complies with the Code, and this corporate governance report has been drawn up in accordance with the Code. The current Code may be accessed on the Swedish Corporate Governance Board's website, www.bolagsstyrning.se. In addition, and likewise in accordance with the Code, NIBE also provides information via the company's website.

The corporate governance report is not part of the formal annual report documents. The company's auditors have examined the corporate governance report, and it is their opinion that the corporate governance report has been properly drawn up and that the statutory information in the report is consistent with other parts of the annual report and consolidated financial statements.



Hans Linnarson Chairman of the Board

#### Ownership

#### NIBE has its registered office in Markaryd, Sweden, and the company's shares have been listed on Nasdaq Stockholm since 1997.

NIBE class B shares have also had a secondary listing on the SIX Swiss Exchange since August 2011. On 30 December 2016, NIBE had 34,486 registered shareholders, excluding previous shareholders in Schulthess Group AG who have become shareholders in NIBE. As the Swiss authorities do not report any details relating to individual shareholders in Switzerland to NIBE, it is not possible to determine the total number of shareholders.

The ten largest shareholders comprise the constellation of 'current and former board members and senior executives' with a total of 22% of the capital and 47% of the voting rights, followed by Melker Schörling, who holds 11% of the capital and 20% of the voting rights, and seven institutional investors with a total of 20% of the capital and 10% of the voting rights, one of whom represents previous shareholders in Schulthess Group AG. Together these ten constellations of investors hold a total of 53% of the capital in the company and 77% of the votes.

#### Annual General Meeting

The Annual General Meeting (AGM) is NIBE's highest decision-making body. The AGM elects the company's Board of Directors and auditors, adopts the accounts, makes decisions on dividends and other appropriations of profits/losses, and discharges the Board of Directors and the MD/ CEO from liability.

The most recent AGM, held on 12 May 2016 in Markaryd, was attended by 384 shareholders. Those present represented 53% of the shares and 71% of the total number of votes in the company. The AGM was attended by the Board of Directors, the MD/CEO and the company's auditors. The minutes of the AGM and the company's articles of association are available on the company's website.

There are no limitations in the articles of association as to the number of votes a shareholder may hold at a general meeting of the company. Nor are there any provisions on the appointment or dismissal of directors of the company, or changes to the company's articles of association.

The 2016 AGM gave the Board of Directors a mandate to issue new class B shares in the company, on one or more occasions and with or without regard for the shareholders' preferential rights, to be used to finance the acquisition of companies or businesses. This mandate is valid until the 2017 AGM and is restricted to a maximum of 10% of the number of shares issued at the time of the AGM.

An extraordinary general meeting was also held on 3 October 2016. The reason for the extraordinary general meeting was to approve the Board's decision of 30 August 2016 to hold a new share issue with preferential rights for NIBE shareholders and to pass a resolution to amend the Articles of Association concerning the limits of the share capital and the number of shares in order to be able to hold the new share issue. The preferential rights issue was fully subscribed and resulted in an injection of SEK 3,024 million into NIBE, increasing the share capital from SEK 69 million to SEK 79 million.

#### Communication with the stock market

# The ambition is to maintain a high standard of financial information issued by the Group. Such information must be accurate and transparent to create long-term confidence in the company.

Earnings and a summary of the Group's financial position are presented quarterly and, like the annual report, are issued in printed form to all shareholders who so wish. All takeovers and other information that may influence the company's share price are announced via press releases. All financial information is also available on the website, www.nibe.com. Press releases and reports are posted there at the same time as they are made public.

During the year there were a number of meetings with Swedish and foreign investors and financial analysts, the media and Aktiespararna, the Swedish Shareholders' Association.

#### Board procedures

#### The NIBE Board of Directors consists of six members, elected by the AGM. Directors of the company and the Chairman of the Board are elected annually by the AGM to serve for the period until the next AGM. Company employees participate in Board meetings as required to submit reports or to contribute expert knowledge in individual matters.

The Board of Directors in 2016 comprised Hans Linnarson (Chair), Georg Brunstam, Eva-Lotta Kraft, Anders Pålsson, Helene Richmond and Gerteric Lindquist (CEO of the NIBE Group). Apart from the CEO, none of the directors of the company is employed by the company or has any operational responsibilities in the company.

It is the opinion of the Board of Directors that all directors apart from the CEO are independent of the company. Please see page 104 for a brief presentation of the directors of the company.

The work of the Board is governed by formal rules of procedure adopted annually to regulate the decision-making processes within the company, authority to sign for the company, meetings of the Board and the duties of the Chairman of the Board. The Board of Directors has not otherwise distributed responsibilities among its members. However, some directors are more familiar with certain matters than others because their particular expertise and experience.

The Board of Directors oversees the work of the MD/CEO and is responsible for ensuring that the organisation, management and administrative guidelines for the company's funds are suitable for the purpose. The Board is also responsible for developing and following up the company's strategies through plans and objectives, decisions on acquisitions, major investments, appointments to managerial positions and the continual supervision of operations during the year. In addition, the Board sets the budget and is responsible for the annual report.

The Chairman leads the work of the Board and ensures that it is carried out in accordance with the Swedish Companies Act and other relevant legislation. The Chairman follows the progress of operations through consultations with the MD, and is responsible for ensuring that other members of the Board receive the necessary information to enable them to hold highly relevant discussions and make the best possible decisions.

The Board of Directors evaluates its work every year. The evaluation is carried out by means of a survey of the directors. The results of the survey are then presented to the full Board, which uses them to make specific proposals on how its work can be developed, improved and made more efficient, where necessary. The Board survey for 2016 revealed an open, constructive climate with well-functioning control and decision-making processes. The areas covered by the evaluation included the composition, working methods, communication and internal control of the Board, the Board's evaluation of the MD and other company management, and the need for committees.

#### Decision-making process

## The NIBE Board deals with all matters of significance.

Issues such as the composition of the Board and directors' fees are dealt with once a year prior to the AGM, when the Chairman of the Board contacts major shareholders personally.

The company's auditor makes his report to the full Board.

The company does not have a Nomination Committee (Section III, item 2.1, of the Code), a Remuneration Committee (Section III, item 9.1, of the Code) or an Audit Committee (Section III, item 7.2, of the Code). NIBE does not comply with the Code in respect of nominations because of the clear ownership structure with two principal shareholder constellations, which together control 70% of the company's votes, and which also enjoy mutually cordial relations. The Board of Directors is not too large to carry out the audit and remuneration tasks in a manner consistent with the Swedish Companies Act and the Code.

	The work of	the E	Board in	า 2016
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The agenda includes several standing items, which are considered at every meeting.		
Status report	Report of significant events affecting operations that have not been listed in the written report that has been circulated.	
Financial report	Review of the financial information circulated.	
Investments	Decisions regarding investments exceeding SEK 10 million, based on the data circulated.	
Legal processes	Review of new or ongoing legal processes, where appropriate.	
Acquisitions	Report on ongoing discussions and decisions concerning the acquisition of companies, as and when appropriate.	
Press releases, etc.	Where appropriate, a review of proposals for external reports to be published after the meeting.	
Internal control	Report on the internal control work.	

Every ordinary board meeting focuses on one principal topic of discussion

## February

*Financial statements* The meeting in February considers the financial statements for the preceding year. The company auditor presents his comments to the entire Board of Directors on this occasion.

# May

*Inaugural meeting* Following the AGM, the Board of Directors holds its inaugural meeting, at which the Board discusses the rules of procedure and determines who has authority to sign for the company.

# August

*Strategy* In August, the Board holds strategic discussions over two working days.

### November

*Auditor's review* In November, the company's auditor gives his view on the interim figures for the period January to September.

#### December

Budget At the end of the year, the Board discusses the Group's budget for the coming year.

#### Group management

The CEO, who is also appointed by the Board of Directors as Managing Director of the parent, exercises day-to-day control of the Group, and the three directors of the Group's Business Areas report to him.

The CEO leads operations in accordance with the instructions adopted by the Board in respect of the division of duties between the Board and the MD/CEO. The work of the MD/ CEO and of senior management is evaluated annually.

Financing, currency management, corporate acquisitions, new establishments, financial control, financial information, human resources policy, sustainability and other overall policy matters are coordinated at Group level.

#### Governance of Business Areas

#### NIBE has three Business Areas.

Each Business Area has its own operational management with profit responsibility. Each Business Area has a Business Area Board chaired by the Group's CEO. These Business Area Boards also include external members with expertise within the respective areas.

Each Business Area Board, in addition to responsibility for day-to-day operations, is also responsible to the NIBE Board of Directors for the strategic development of its respective Business Area. Each Business Area Board meets once a quarter.

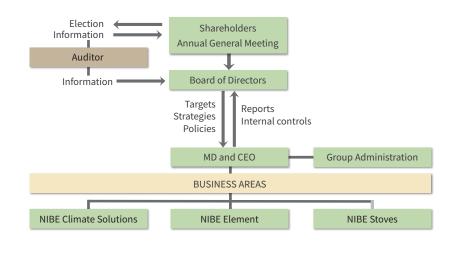
#### Management of the Group's sustainability work

The Group's working group for sustainability reports to the Sustainability Council, which consists of the working group, the Managing Director, the CFO and the Business Area Directors.

A large proportion of the work is governed by national legislation, for example environmental legislation and labour law, but we are also under an obligation to comply with regional and international law and voluntary undertakings such as the Global Compact.

The management of each company is responsible for local operational sustainability work and for compliance with Group guidelines. These managers report to the Business Area Directors in each area.

The Group's working group for sustainability regularly visits the companies in the Group to monitor compliance with common policies and guidelines. The working group is also responsible for the work at a strategic level and reports on sustainability issues to the Boards of Directors at Group and Business Area level.



#### Remuneration, 2016

## Severance pay

# The 2016 AGM resolved that the fees to the Board of Directors and the fees to the auditors should be paid in accordance with approved accounts.

At the same time, policies for the remuneration of the MD/CEO and other key management personnel were detailed and approved. Further information about the principles that apply can be found in Note 6 to the annual report and on NIBE's website at www.nibe.com.

Remuneration to the Managing Director/CEO is a matter decided by the Board, but the preparatory work for this decision is undertaken by the Chairman of the Board after discussions with the Managing Director/CEO. The remuneration of other senior personnel is determined by the Managing Director in consultation with the Chairman of the Board. Decisions in this regard are reported to the Board of Directors.

Information on the fees paid to directors, as well as the salary and other remuneration paid to the MD/CEO and other senior executives can be found in Note 6 to the annual report.

#### Incentive programme

#### An incentive programme applies to certain key members of staff/senior executives, under which they are paid a variable bonus if set targets are met.

The variable bonus is limited to a maximum of three months' salary. It is also possible for an additional month's salary to be paid on condition that this additional payment plus another monthly salary paid as a variable bonus or part of a variable bonus is used to purchase NIBE shares on the stock market. A further condition for entitlement to receive this additional month's remuneration is that the NIBE shares purchased are retained for at least three years. Under normal circumstances, shares acquired in this way by members of staff shall be purchased on one occasion each year in February/March and the purchase shall be subject to the relevant insider trading regulations. No incentive programme is offered to the MD/CEO. Certain key individuals in the foreign companies acquired during recent years have incentive programmes that, in certain respects, deviate from the principles for remuneration that are otherwise applied in the NIBE Group. Further information about the principles that apply for senior executives can be found in Note 6 to the annual report.

#### No severance pay or other benefits apply to the Chairman of the Board or to the directors, apart from the MD/CEO.

The period of notice for the MD/CEO is six months if the company gives notice. In addition to salary during the period of notice, the MD/CEO is entitled to severance pay equal to 12 months' salary. Other senior executives are entitled to receive their salaries during a period of notice which varies between 6 and 12 months.

#### Pensions

#### The Chairman of the Board and the directors of the company receive no retirement benefits in respect of their work on the Board.

No special agreements have been reached that entitle senior executives to retire before the official retirement age while still retaining part of their salary in the interim.

Information on the retirement benefits of the Managing Director/CEO and other senior executives can be found in Note 6 to the annual report.

Under the Group's policy, no further pension premium payments are made if employment continues after the age of 65.

#### External auditors

# Under the Swedish Companies Act and the Code, the Board of Directors is responsible for internal controls.

This report on internal controls and risk management regarding financial reporting complies with the requirements in Chapter 6, Section 6, of the Annual Accounts Act.

Internal controls were an important component of corporate governance even before the new code was introduced.

NIBE is characterised by simplicity in its legal and operational structure, transparency in its organisation, clear divisions of responsibility and an efficient management and control system.

NIBE complies not only with external laws and regulations in respect of financial reporting, but also with internal instructions and policies set out in the Group's Finance Handbook. These are applied by all companies in the Group, along with systems aimed at ensuring effective internal controls in financial reporting.

Consolidated financial reports containing comprehensive analyses and comments are drawn up each quarter for the Group and its Business Areas. Results are also monitored every month.

There are finance functions and controllers with responsibility for accounting, reporting and the analysis of financial trends at Group level, Business Area level and unit level.

In addition to the statutory audits of the annual report and statutory audits of the parent and all subsidiaries, the auditors carry out an annual review of how the companies are organised, of existing routines and of compliance with the instructions issued, based on guidelines drawn up by corporate management and approved by the Board of Directors. A summary of internal control procedures is presented each year as part of the Board meeting that deals with the year-end financial statements. The Board also has the option of requesting a special audit of a selected business or operations during the year if this is deemed necessary.

During 2016, the project aimed at reviewing and further reinforcing internal controls was continued. It is our opinion that this review increases insight and awareness, provides explicit instructions and proposes a clear organisation in respect of internal controls. It is therefore the opinion of the Board that, because of the implementation of this review, there is no need for any separate internal control (internal audit) (item 7.3 in the Code).

## NIBE's auditors were elected at the AGM to serve for a period of one year.

The registered public accounting firm KPMG AB has held the position of the company's auditors since the AGM in 2013. Dan Kjellqvist has been auditor in charge since the AGM in 2016.

The engagement partner has continual access to the approved minutes of company Board meetings and the monthly reports that the Board receives.

The auditor in charge reports his observations from the audit and his assessment of the company's internal controls to the full Board.

Over and above normal auditing duties, KPMG AB assists with due diligence reviews in conjunction with corporate acquisitions and with accounting consultations. Information on the remuneration of auditors is given in Note 5 to the annual report.

## The auditor's statement on the corporate governance report

To the annual meeting of the shareholders of NIBE Industrier AB (publ) Corporate ID no. 556374-8309

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for the corporate governance report for 2016 on pages 100 - 103, and for ensuring that it has been prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act.

We have read the corporate governance report, and based on this and our knowledge of the company and the Group, we consider that we have sufficient grounds for our statement. This means that our statutory review of the corporate governance report has a different focus and is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and other generally accepted auditing practices in Sweden.

We consider that the corporate governance report has been properly drawn up and that the statutory information in the report is consistent with other parts of the annual report and consolidated financial statements.

Markaryd, Sweden, 30 March 2017

KPMG AB Dan Kjellqvist Authorised Public Accountant